

Midterm Exam, Quality control 2015 Fall [+20 points]

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20/20

● Numerical answers up to 4 digits, 0.XXXXX

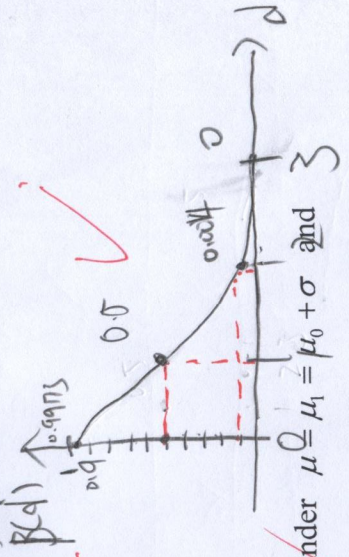
+8 [Q1] [+8] Consider \bar{X} -chart with $\mu = \mu_0$ being the in-control mean

1) [+2] An engineer set $ARL_0=370$ and $ARL_1 \leq 2$ under $\mu = \mu_1 = \mu_0 + \sigma$. What is the required sample size n ?
 +2

$$\begin{aligned} \beta &= \Phi\left(z\frac{\sigma}{2} - \sqrt{n}\frac{\sigma}{6}\right) - \Phi\left(-z\frac{\sigma}{2} - \sqrt{n}\frac{\sigma}{6}\right) & ARL_0 = \frac{1}{\alpha} = \frac{370}{0.0025} = 148000 \\ &= \Phi\left(3 - \sqrt{n}\right) - \Phi\left(-3 - \sqrt{n}\right) & ARL_1 = \frac{1}{\beta} \leq 2 \\ &= \Phi\left(3 - \sqrt{n}\right) \leq 0.5 & \Rightarrow 1 \leq 2 - 2\beta \\ &\Rightarrow 3 - \sqrt{n} \leq 0 & \Rightarrow \beta \leq \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

2) [+3] Draw the OC curve for n obtained from the previous question.
 +3 Let $h=9$, $\beta(d) = \Phi(3 - \sqrt{nd}) - \Phi(-3 - \sqrt{nd})$, where $d = \frac{|\delta|}{\sigma}$

$$\begin{aligned} \beta(0) &= \Phi(3) - \Phi(-3) = 0.9973 \checkmark \\ \beta(1) &= \Phi(3-3) - \Phi(-3-3) = \Phi(0) = 0.5 \checkmark \\ \beta(2) &= \Phi(3-3\sqrt{2}) - \Phi(-3-3\sqrt{2}) = \Phi(-3) = 0.0044 \checkmark \\ \beta(3) &= \Phi(3-3\sqrt{3}) - \Phi(-3-3\sqrt{3}) = \Phi(-6) \approx 0 \checkmark \end{aligned}$$



3) [+3] If the engineer set $ARL_0=20$, then what is ARL_1 under $\mu = \mu_1 = \mu_0 + \sigma$ and $\alpha = 0.05$?
 +3 $n=16$

$$\begin{aligned} \beta &= \Phi\left(z_{0.025} - \frac{4\sqrt{6}}{8}\right) - \Phi\left(-z_{0.025} - \frac{4\sqrt{6}}{8}\right) \\ &= \Phi(1.96 - 4) - \Phi(-1.96 - 4) \\ &= \Phi(-2.04) \\ &= 1 - 0.9793 \\ &= 0.0207 \end{aligned}$$

$$ARL_1 = \frac{1}{0.0207} \approx 1.0211 \checkmark \#$$

+5 [Q3] [+5]: Let $X \sim \text{Bin}(n, p)$.

+1 [1] [+1] State the central limit theorem for independent random variables

$$\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n X_i - \sum_{i=1}^n E X_i}{\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n \text{Var}(X_i)}} \xrightarrow{d} N(0,1) \text{ as } n \rightarrow \infty$$

Let $X_i, i=1, \dots, n$
 $E \sum_{i=1}^n X_i = \sum_{i=1}^n E X_i$
 $\text{Var} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i = \sum_{i=1}^n \text{Var}(X_i)$

2) [+2] Explain how to apply the central limit theorem to $X \sim \text{Bin}(n, p)$.

+2 (e.g. how to define $X_i, i=1, \dots, n$; how do you use independence)

Let $X_i \sim \text{Bernoulli}(p), i=1, 2, \dots, n$

Hence, $\sum_{i=1}^n X_i = X \sim \text{Bin}(n, p), EX = np, \text{Var}(X) = np(1-p)$

When $n \rightarrow \infty, \frac{X - np}{\sqrt{np(1-p)}} \xrightarrow{d} N(0,1)$, by Central limit theorem.

3) [+2] The criterion to the approximation to $X \sim \text{Bin}(n, p)$ hold for the cases below? +2

Write the criterion	$p = 0.231$	$p = 0.023$	$p = 0.059$	$p = 0.008$	$p = 0.164$
Here (\downarrow)	$n = 50$	$n = 150$	$n = 100$	$n = 500$	$n = 100$
$0.1 \leq p \leq 0.9, np > 10$	Yes	no	no	no	Yes
np	11.55 (v)	3.45 (X)	5.9 (X)	4 (X)	16.4 (v)
$0.1 \leq p \leq 0.9$	✓	X	X	X	✓

Let hold \rightarrow Yes \rightarrow ✓

not hold \rightarrow No \rightarrow X

+7

[Q2] [+7]: Data, $X_{ij}, i = 1, \dots, m, j = 1, \dots, n \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$, are collected as follows:

						Mean	Range
i=1	12	16	10	10		12	6
i=2	22	20	22	16		20	6
i=3	15	16	12	11		13.5	5
i=4	15	13	12	12		13	3
i=5	14	14	9	11		12	5

1) [+2] Calculate $\hat{\mu}$
 $\hat{\mu} = \bar{\bar{x}} = \frac{12+20+13.5+13+12}{5} = 14.1 \checkmark$
 $\bar{R} = 5$

2) [+2] Calculate $\hat{\sigma}$ by the range method.
 $\hat{\sigma} = \frac{R}{d_2} = \frac{5}{2.059} = 2.4284 \checkmark$

3) [+3] Draw \bar{X} -Chart (3-sigma quality performance), and state your conclusion

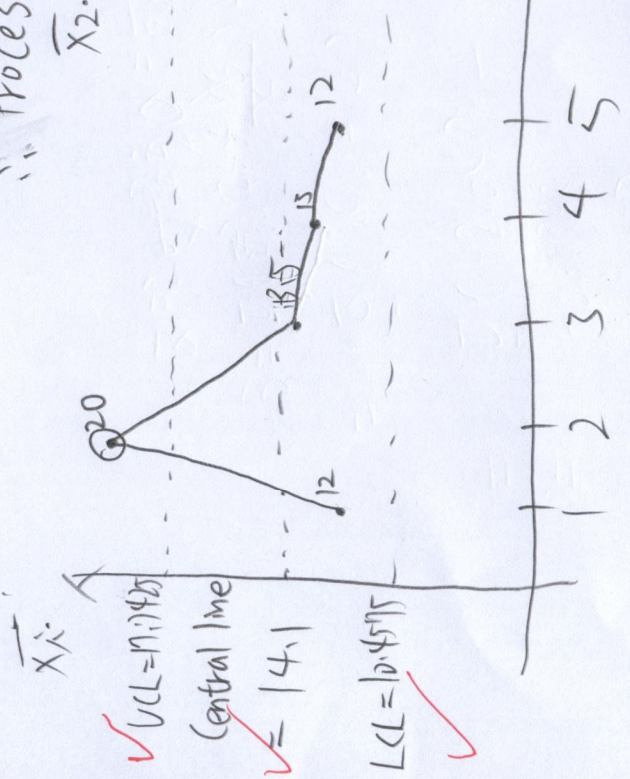
central line = $\bar{\bar{x}} = 14.1$

$A_2 = \frac{3}{\sqrt{n}} d_2 = \frac{3}{2 \times 2.059} = 0.7285$

$UCL = 14.1 + 0.7285 \times 5 = 17.7425 \checkmark$

$LCL = 14.1 - 0.7285 \times 5 = 10.4575 \checkmark$

\therefore Process is out of control due to $\bar{x}_2 > UCL = 17.7425$



Tables

Table: the normal distribution $p = \int_{-\infty}^z \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) dx$

z	0	0.5	1	1.5	1.96	2	2.04	2.5	3	3.5	4
P	0.5	0.6915	0.8413	0.9332	0.975	0.9772	0.9793	0.9938	0.99865	0.99977	0.99997

Table: Conversion of range to standard deviation

n	2	3	4	5	6
d_2	1.128	1.683	2.059	2.326	2.534