

## High-dimensional data analysis (HW#7)

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- 1) Derive B-spline bases with order  $M=3$  under a knot sequence  $\xi_0 < \xi_1 < \xi_2$  with an equally spaced mesh  $\Delta = \xi_1 - \xi_0 = \xi_2 - \xi_1$ .

solution:

$m=1$ ,

$$B_{1,1}(x) = B_{2,1}(x) = B_{5,1}(x) = B_{6,1}(x) = 0; \quad B_{3,1}(x) = I(\xi_0 \leq x < \xi_1);$$

$$B_{4,1}(x) = I(\xi_1 \leq x < \xi_2).$$

$m=2$ ,

$$B_{1,2}(x) = B_{5,2}(x) = 0; \quad B_{2,2}(x) = \frac{\xi_1 - x}{\Delta} I(\xi_0 \leq x < \xi_1);$$

$$B_{3,2}(x) = \frac{x - \xi_0}{\Delta} I(\xi_0 \leq x < \xi_1) + \frac{\xi_2 - x}{\Delta} I(\xi_1 \leq x < \xi_2);$$

$$B_{4,2}(x) = \frac{x - \xi_1}{\Delta} I(\xi_1 \leq x < \xi_2).$$

$m=3$ ,

$$B_{1,3}(x) = \left( \frac{\xi_1 - x}{\Delta} \right)^2 I(\xi_0 \leq x < \xi_1);$$

$$B_{2,3}(x) = \left\{ \frac{(x - \xi_0)(\xi_1 - x)}{\Delta^2} + \frac{(\xi_2 - x)(x - \xi_0)}{2\Delta^2} \right\} I(\xi_0 \leq x < \xi_1) + \frac{(\xi_2 - x)^2}{2\Delta^2} I(\xi_1 \leq x < \xi_2)$$

$$B_{3,3}(x) = \left\{ \frac{(x - \xi_1)(\xi_2 - x)}{\Delta^2} + \frac{(\xi_2 - x)(x - \xi_0)}{2\Delta^2} \right\} I(\xi_1 \leq x < \xi_2) + \frac{(x - \xi_0)^2}{2\Delta^2} I(\xi_0 \leq x < \xi_1)$$

$$B_{4,3}(x) = \left( \frac{\xi_1 - x}{\Delta} \right)^2 I(\xi_1 \leq x < \xi_2).$$

- 2) Express the above B-spline bases in terms of  $z_i(t) = \frac{t - \xi_i}{\Delta}$  for  $i = 0, 1, 2$ .

solution:

$m=1$ ,

$$B_{1,1}(x) = B_{2,1}(x) = B_{5,1}(x) = B_{6,1}(x) = 0; \quad B_{3,1}(x) = I(\xi_0 \leq x < \xi_1);$$

$$B_{4,1}(x) = I(\xi_1 \leq x < \xi_2).$$

$m=2$ ,

$$B_{1,2}(x) = B_{5,2}(x) = 0; \quad B_{2,2}(x) = \{1 - z_0(x)\} I(\xi_0 \leq x < \xi_1);$$

$$B_{3,2}(x) = z_0(x)I(\xi_0 \leq x < \xi_1) - z_2(x)I(\xi_1 \leq x < \xi_2);$$

$$B_{4,2}(x) = \{z_2(x) + 1\}I(\xi_1 \leq x < \xi_2).$$

$m=3,$

$$B_{1,3}(x) = z_1(x)^2 I(\xi_0 \leq x < \xi_1);$$

$$B_{2,3}(x) = \left\{ 2z_0(x) - \frac{3}{2}z_0(x)^2 \right\} I(\xi_0 \leq x < \xi_1) + \frac{z_2(x)^2}{2} I(\xi_1 \leq x < \xi_2)$$

$$B_{3,3}(x) = \frac{z_0(x)^2}{2} I(\xi_0 \leq x < \xi_1) - \left\{ 2z_2(x) + \frac{3}{2}z_2(x)^2 \right\} I(\xi_1 \leq x < \xi_2)$$

$$B_{4,3}(x) = z_1(x)^2 I(\xi_1 \leq x < \xi_2).$$

- 3) Depicts the B-spline basis function with knots  $\xi_0 = 0$ ,  $\xi_1 = 1$  and  $\xi_2 = 2$  using R; All the basis functions plotted in one figure. Distinguish them by color.

solution:

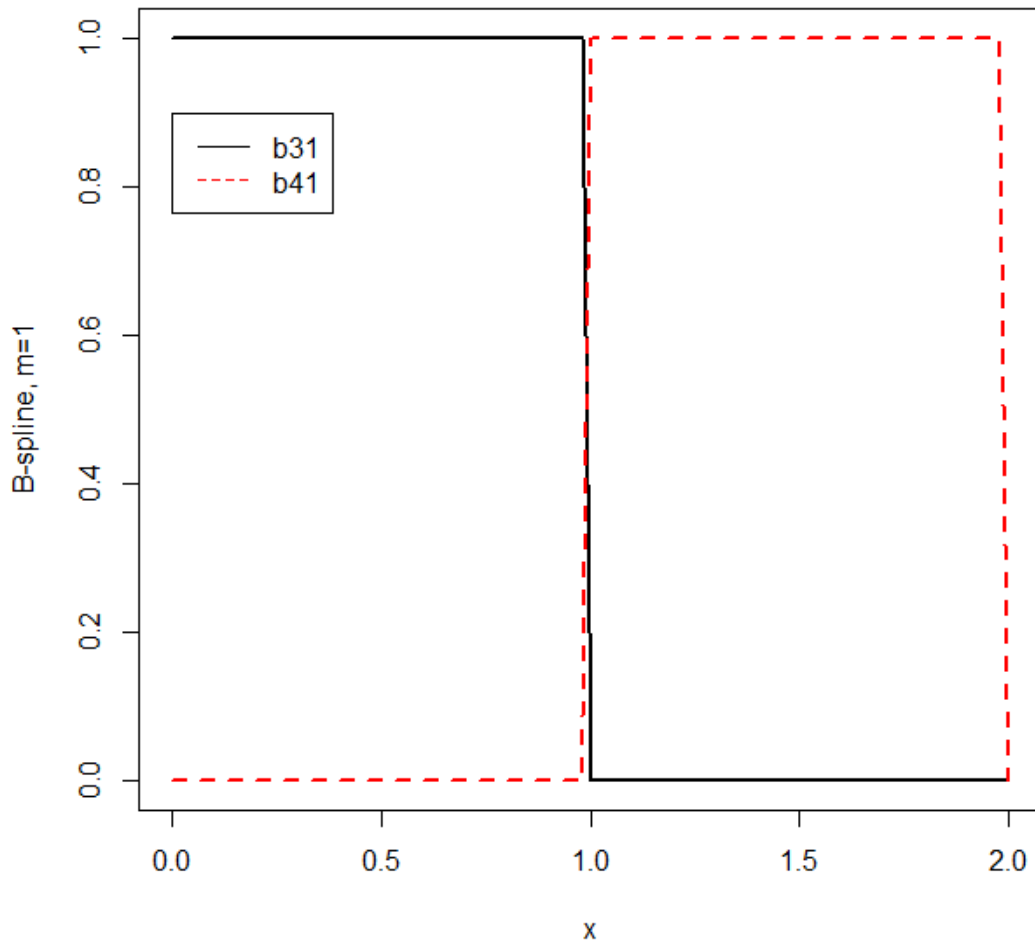


Figure 1. Order  $m=1$ .

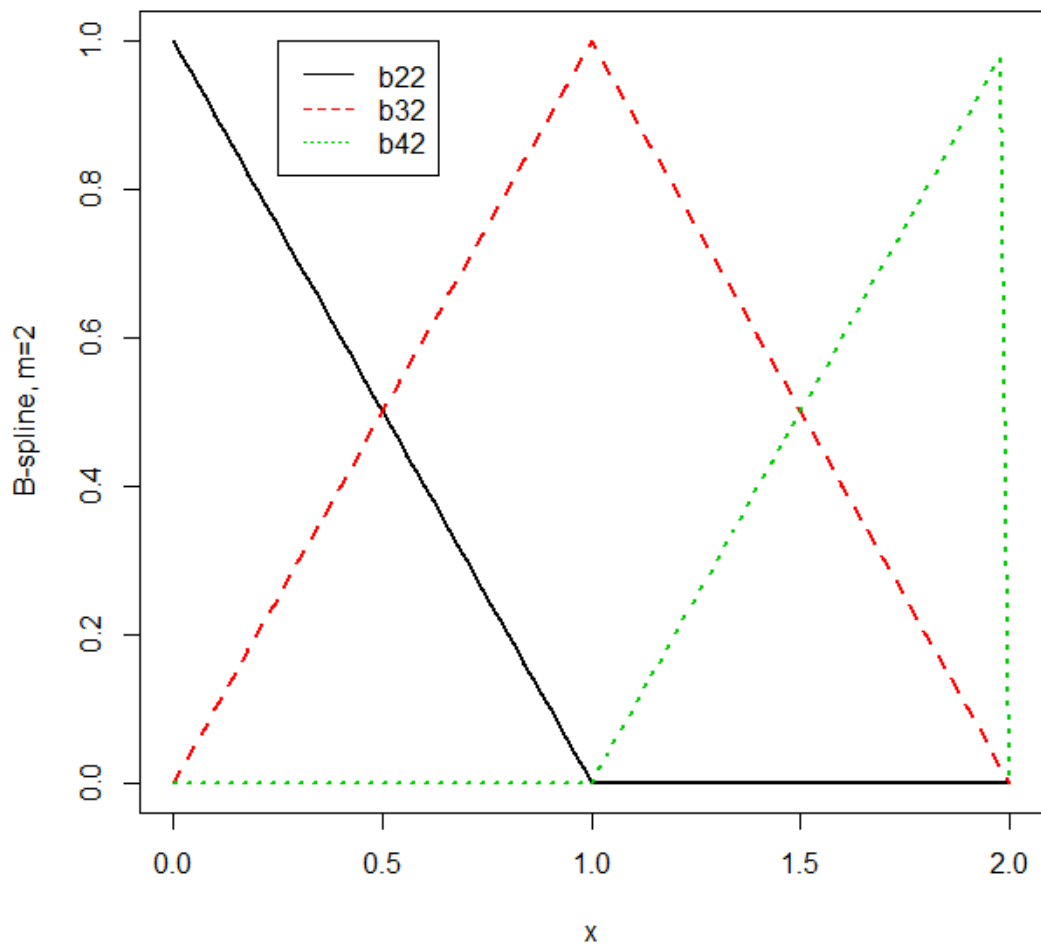


Figure 2. Order  $m=2$ .

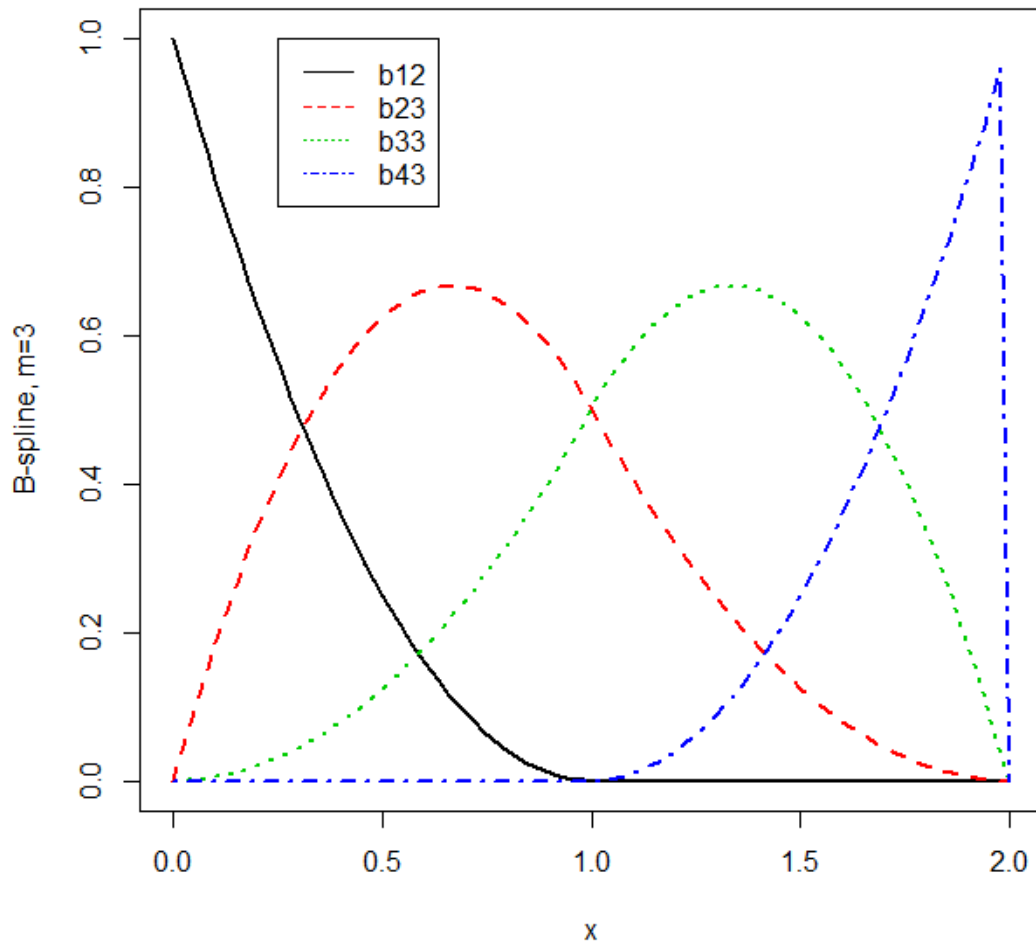


Figure 3. Order  $m=3$ .

R code

```

#high dim HW
#Q3
z0 = function(x){x}
z1 = function(x){x-1}
z2 = function(x){x-2}

#m=1
b11=0
b21=0
b31=function(x){(x>=0 & x<1)}
b41=function(x){(x>=1 & x<2)}
b51=0
b61=0
#m=2

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b12=0
b22=function(x){(1-x)*(x>=0 & x<1)}
b32=function(x){x*(x>=0 & x<1)-(x-2)*(x>=1 & x<2)}
b42=function(x){(1+(x-2))*(x>=1 & x<2)}
b52=0
#m=3
b13=function(x){(x-1)^2*(x>=0 & x<1)}
b23=function(x){(2*x-3/2*x^2)*(x>=0 & x<1)+(x-2)^2*(x>=1 & x<2)/2}
b33=function(x){x^2*(x>=0 & x<1)/2-(2*(x-2)+3/2*(x-2)^2)*(x>=1 &
x<2)}
b43=function(x){(x-1)^2*(x>=1 & x<2)}

#m=1
curve(b31,from=0, to=2, col=1, lty=1, ylab="B-spline, m=1",lwd=2)
curve(b41,from=0, to=2, col=2, lty=2,lwd=2, add=TRUE)
legend(x=0,y=.9,legend = c("b31","b41"), lty=c(1:2), col=c(1:2))
#m=2
curve(b22,from=0, to=2, col=1, lty=1, ylab="B-spline, m=2",lwd=2)
curve(b32,from=0, to=2, col=2, lty=2,lwd=2, add=TRUE)
curve(b42,from=0, to=2, col=3, lty=3,lwd=2, add=TRUE)
legend(x=.25,y=1,legend = c("b22","b32","b42"), lty=c(1:3), col=c(1:3))
#m=3
curve(b13,from=0, to=2, col=1, lty=1, ylab="B-spline, m=3",lwd=2)
curve(b23,from=0, to=2, col=2, lty=2,lwd=2, add=TRUE)
curve(b33,from=0, to=2, col=3, lty=3,lwd=2, add=TRUE)
curve(b43,from=0, to=2, col=4, lty=4,lwd=2, add=TRUE)
legend(x=.25,y=1,legend = c("b12","b23","b33","b43"), lty=c(1:4), col=c(1:4))

```